Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Dencrete Multi Part B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use: Hardener for coating materials or adhesives

For details of the identified uses according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 refer to the annex of this safety data sheet.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Dencoat E-mail: info@dencoat.com Website: www.dencoat.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 886 039 054

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Inhalative, Category 4 (H332)

Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315)

Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319)

Sensitization of the respiratory airways, Category 1 (H334)

Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317)

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (H351)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (H335)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (H373)

Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Harmful by inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

2.2 Label elements Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Danger

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Supplementary hazardous characteristics and labeling elements: EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Xn Harmful

Contains: diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

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S-phrase(s)

S23 Do not breathe vapour.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

2.3 Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Type of product: Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

polyisocyanate based on diphenylmethane diisocyanate

Hazardous components

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 70 Index-No.: 615-005-00-9

EC-No.: 618-498-9

CAS-No.: 9016-87-9

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Sens. Resp. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

 Sens. Resp. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

Classification (67/548/EEC): Carc.Cat.3 R40 Xn R20 -R48/20 Xi R36/37/38 R42/43

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Specific threshold concentration

Xn	R42	0.1 - < 1 %
Xn	R40, R42/43	1 - < 5 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43	5 - < 10 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	10 - < 25 %
Xn	R20, R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	>= 25 %

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 16 Index-No.: 615-005-00-9

EC-No.: 227-534-9 REACH Registration Number: 01-2119480143-45-0000, 01-2119480143-45-0001, 01-2119480143-45-0002

CAS-No.: 5873-54-1

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Sens. Resp. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

Sens. Resp. 1	H334	>= 0.1 %
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	>= 5 %
STOT SE 3	H335	>= 5 %
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	>= 5 %

Classification (67/548/EEC): Carc.Cat.3 R40 Xn R20 -R48/20 Xi R36/37/38 R42/43

Specific threshold concentration

Xn	R42	0.1 - < 1 %
Xn	R40, R42/43	1 - < 5 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43	5 - < 10 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	10 - < 25 %
Xn	R20, R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	>= 25 %
Xi	R36/37/38	>= 5 %
	R42	>= 0.1 %

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 14 Index-No.: 615-005-00-9

EC-No.: 202-966-0 REACH Registration Number: 01-2119457014-47-0006, 01-2119457014-47-0007, 01-2119457014-47-0008, 01-2119457014-47-0009

CAS-No.: 101-68-8

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Sens. Resp. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

Sens. Resp. 1	H334	>= 0.1 %
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	>= 5 %
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	>= 5 %
STOT SE 3	H335	>= 5 %

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Specific threshold concentration

Xn	R42	0.1 - < 1 %
Xn	R40, R42/43	1 - < 5 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43	5 - < 10 %
Xn	R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	10 - < 25 %
Xn	R20, R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20	>= 25 %
Xi	R36/37/38	>= 5 %
	R42	>= 0.1 %

Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Soiled, soaked clothing and shoes must be immediately removed, decontaminated and disposed of.

If inhaled: Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required.

In case of skin contact: In the event of contact with the skin, preferably wash with a cleanser based on polyethylene glycol or with plenty of warm water and soap. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

In case of eye contact: Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist.

If swallowed: DO NOT induce the patient to vomit, medical advice is required.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician: The product irritates the respiratory tract and may trigger sensitisation of the skin and respiratory tract. Treatment of acute irritation or bronchial constriction is primarily symptomatic. Extended medical treatment may be required depending on the degree of exposure and the severity of the symptoms.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Therapeutic measures: No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, extinguishing powder, in cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning releases carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with water and, if possible, removed from the danger area.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

During fire-fighting respirator with independent air-supply and airtight garment is required.

Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on protective equipment (see section 8). Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep

unauthorized persons away.

6.2 Environment related measures

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with wet, absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, chemical binder based on calcium silicate hydrate, sand). After approx. one hour transfer to waste container and do not seal (evolution of CO2!). Keep damp in a safe ventilated area for several days.

Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution:

Decontamination solution 1: 8-10% sodium carbonate and 2% of liquid soap in water

Decontamination solution 2: Liquid/yellow soap (potassium soap with ~15% anionic tenside): 20ml; Water:700ml; Polyethylenglycol (PEG 400): 350ml

6.4 Reference to other sections

For further disposal measures see section 13.

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

If an annex according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 is attached to this MSDS, the general conditions of use are further specified in the corresponding exposure scenarios.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Exhaust ventilation necessary if product is sprayed. The threshold limit values noted in Chapter 8 must be monitored.

In all areas where isocyanate aerosols and/or vapor concentrations are produced in elevated concentrations, exhaust ventilation must be provided in such a way that the workplace exposure limits (WEL) is not exceeded. The air should be drawn away from the personnel handling the product

The personal protective measures described in Chapter 8 must be observed. The precautions required in the handling of isocyanates must be taken. Avoid contact with skin and eyes and the inhalation of vapor.

Keep away from foodstuffs, drinks and tobacco. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work and use skin-protecting ointment. Keep working clothes separately. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed and dry. Further information on the storage conditions which must be observed to preserve quality can be found in our product information sheet.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 10: Combustible liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

If an annex according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 is attached to this MSDS, the general RMMs are further specified in the corresponding exposure scenarios.

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL), per EH40 document (Health & Safety Executive). If no UK value exists, EU exposure limits given where available.

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Substance	CAS-No.	Basis	Туре	Value	Ceiling Limi	t Value	Remarks	
diphenylmet	hane-4,4'-di	isocyana	te 10	1-68-8	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	, measured as NCO
diphenylmet	hane-4,4'-di	isocyana	te 10	1-68-8	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	, measured as NCO

Version 2.1						
Revision Date 16.03.2021					Pr	int Date16.03.2021
diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate	101-68-8	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	, measured as NCO	
diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate	101-68-8	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	, measured as NCO	
diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isome	ers and homo	logues 901	6-87-9	EH40 WEL	STEL 0.07 mg/m3	, measured as NCO
diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isome	ers and homo	logues 901	6-87-9	EH40 WEL	TWA 0.02 mg/m3	, measured as NCO
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	5873-54-1	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	, measured as NCO	
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	5873-54-1	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	, measured as NCO	
2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	EH40 WEL	_ TWA	0.02 mg/m3	, measured as NCO	
2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	EH40 WEL	STE	L 0.07 mg/m3	, measured as NCC)

Exposition assessment value (EBW) per TGRS 430:Polyisocyanate content (MDI oligomers and/or prepolymers) 39 %. Use an exposition assessment value of 0,05 mg/m³.

The product may contain traces of phenylisocyanate.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) or Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Value type Route of exposure Health Effects Value Remarks

Worker (short-term)

DNEL Dermal - systemic effects 50 mg/kg body weight/day

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

- DNEL Dermal local effects 28.7 mg/cm²
- DNEL Inhalation local effects 0.1 mg/m³ air
- Worker (long-term)
- DNEL Dermal systemic effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.
- DNEL Inhalation systemic effects 0.05 mg/m³ air
- DNEL Dermal local effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.
- DNEL Inhalation local effects 0.05 mg/m³ air
- General population (short-term)
- DNEL Dermal systemic effects 25 mg/kg body weight/day
- DNEL Inhalation systemic effects 0.05 mg/m³ air
- DNEL Oral systemic effects 20 mg/kg body weight/day
- DNEL Dermal local effects 17.2 mg/cm²
- DNEL Inhalation local effects 0.05 mg/m³ air
- General population (long-term)
- DNEL Dermal systemic effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.
- DNEL Inhalation systemic effects 0.025 mg/m³ air
- DNEL Oral systemic effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.
- DNEL Dermal local effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

DNEL Inhalation - local effects 0.025 mg/m³ air

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Value type Route of exposure Health Effects Value Remarks

Worker (short-term)

DNEL Dermal - systemic effects 50 mg/kg body weight/day

DNEL Inhalation - systemic effects 0.1 mg/m³ air

DNEL Dermal - local effects 28.7 mg/cm²

DNEL Inhalation - local effects 0.1 mg/m³ air

Worker (long-term)

DNEL Dermal - systemic effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.

DNEL Inhalation - systemic effects 0.05 mg/m³ air

DNEL Dermal - local effects No quantitative risk assessment possible.

DNEL Inhalation - local effects 0.05 mg/m³ air

General population (short-term)

DNEL Dermal - systemic effects 25 mg/kg body weight/day

DNEL Inhalation - systemic effects 0.05 mg/m³ air

DNEL Oral - systemic effects 20 mg/kg body weight/day

DNEL Dermal - local effects 17.2 mg/cm²

DNEL Inhalation - local effects 0.05 mg/m³ air

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

General population (long-term)

DNEL	Dermal - systemic effects	No quantitative risk assessment possible.
DNEL	Inhalation - systemic effect	ts 0.025 mg/m³ air
DNEL	Oral - systemic effects	No quantitative risk assessment possible.
DNEL	Dermal - local effects	No quantitative risk assessment possible.
DNEL	Inhalation - local effects	0.025 mg/m³ air

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Compartment Va	lue Remarks
----------------	-------------

- Freshwater > 1 mg/l
- Marine water > 0.1 mg/l
- Sediment Not relevant
- Soil > 1 mg/kg dry weight
- STP (sewage-treatment plant) > 1 mg/l
- Oral Not relevant

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Compartment Value Remarks

Freshwater > 1 mg/l

Marine water > 0.1 mg/l

Sediment Not relevant

Soil > 1 mg/kg dry weight

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

STP (sewage-treatment plant) > 1 mg/l

Oral Not relevant

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An air-fed mask, or for short

periods of work, a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter is recommended.

Further recommendations regarding respiratory protection can be found in the individual exposure scenarios in the appendix.

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Hand protection

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374: Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Recommendation: contaminated gloves should be disposed of.

Eye protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

liquid
brown
earthy, musty
not established not established

Pour point: ISO 3016

ca. -42 °C

Boiling point/boiling range:

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Flash point: DIN EN 22719 ca. 220 °C at 1,013 hPa

Evaporation rate:not establishedFlammability (solid, gas):not establishedBurning number:not applicable

Vapour pressure: EG A4 ca. 19 hPa at 20 °C

EG A4

ca. 48 hPa at 50 °C

EG A4

ca. 56 hPa at 55 °C

Vapour density: not established Density: ca. 1.228 g/cm³ at 20 °C DIN 51757 Miscibility with water: immiscible - reacts with water to liberate CO2 gas at 15 °C

Surface tension: not established Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): not established

Auto-ignition temperature:

not applicable

Ignition temperature: DIN 51794 > 500 °C

Decomposition temperature: not established

Viscosity, dynamic:

DIN 53019

ca. 84.4 mPa.s at 20 °C

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Dust explosion class: not applicable Oxidising properties: not established

9.2 Other information

The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification. Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This information is not available.

10.2 Chemical stability

Polymerises at about 200 °C with evolution of CO2.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols; reacts with water forming CO2; in closed containers, risk of bursting owing to increase of pressure.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

This information is not available.

10.5 Incompatible materials

This information is not available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Toxicological studies on the product are not yet available. Please find below the toxicological data available to us for the components (hazardous components).

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity, oral

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LD50 rat, male/female: > 10,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Directive 84/449/EEC, B.1 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Directive 84/449/EEC, B.1 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Acute toxicity, dermal

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Studies of a comparable product.

Acute toxicity, inhalation

ATEmix (inhal.): 1.5 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LC50 rat, male/female: 0.31 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 The substance was tested in a form (i.e. specific particle size distribution) that is different from the forms in which the substance is placed on the market and in which it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful by inhalation.

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

LC50 rat, male: 0.387 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist The substance was tested in a form (i.e. specific particle size distribution) that is different from the forms in which the substance is placed on the market and in which it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful by inhalation. Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

LC50 rat, male: 0.368 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 The substance was tested in a form (i.e. specific particle size distribution) that is different from the forms in which the substance is placed on the market and in which it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful by inhalation. Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Primary skin irritation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Species: rabbit Result: slight irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: irritating Classification: Causes skin irritation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: irritating Classification: Causes skin irritation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Primary mucosae irritation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Sensitisation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test): Species: guinea pig Result: negative Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization. Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)): Species: mouse Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact. Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Respiratory sensitization Species: rat Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Skin sensitisation according to Buehler (epicutaneous test): Species: guinea pig Result: negative Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization. Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)): Species: mouse Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact. Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Respiratory sensitization Species: guinea pig Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation. Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Skin sensitisation according to Buehler (epicutaneous test): Species: guinea pig Result: negative Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization. Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)): Species: mouse Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact. Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Respiratory sensitization Species: guinea pig Result: positive Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3 LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3 Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs. Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3 LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3 Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs. Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3 LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3 Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs. Studies of a comparable product.

Carcinogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

18

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group. Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group. Studies of a comparable product.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues No data available.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate No data available.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate No data available.

Reproductive toxicity/Teratogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³ NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³ Species: rat, female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m³ Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.)) Test period: 20 d Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³ Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³ NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³ Species: rat, female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m³ Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.)) Test period: 20 d Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³ Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³ NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³ Species: rat, female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m³ Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.)) Test period: 20 d Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3 Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Studies of a comparable product.

Genotoxicity in vitro

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test) Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test) Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test) Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Genotoxicity in vivo

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Micronucleus test Species: rat, male Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks) Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Micronucleus test Species: rat, male Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks) Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Micronucleus test Species: rat, male Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks) Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

STOT evaluation – one-time exposure

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Route of exposure: Inhalative

Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT evaluation – repeated exposure

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CMR Assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicology Assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Additional information

Special properties/effects: Over-exposure entails the risk of concentration-dependent irritating effects on eyes, nose throat, and respiratory tract. Delayed appearance of the complaints and development of hypersensitivity (difficult breathing, coughing, asthma) are possible. Hypersensitive persons may suffer from these effects even at low isocyanate concentrations, including concentrations below the UK Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL). Prolonged contact with the skin may cause tanning and irritant effects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological studies of the product are not available. Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil. Please find below the ecotoxicological data available to us for the components (hazardous components).

12.1 Toxicity Acute Fish toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Studies of a comparable product.

Acute toxicity for daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues EC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: static test Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 1,000 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate EC50 > 1,000 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

Chronic toxicity to daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Studies of a comparable product.

Acute toxicity for algae

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l Test type: Growth inhibition Species: scenedesmus subspicatus Exposure duration: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l Test type: Growth inhibition Species: scenedesmus subspicatus Exposure duration: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l Test type: Growth inhibition Species: scenedesmus subspicatus Exposure duration: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Studies of a comparable product.

Acute bacterial toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues EC50 > 100 mg/l Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 100 mg/l Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Studies of a comparable product.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

EC50 > 100 mg/l Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Studies of a comparable product.

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 207 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 207 Studies of a comparable product.

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Print Date16.03.2021

26

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

27

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: There is no evidence of a chronic aquatic toxicity.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling organisms. Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: There is no evidence of a chronic aquatic toxicity.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling organisms. Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: There is no evidence of a chronic aquatic toxicity.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling organisms. Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

12.2 Persistence and degradability Biodegradability

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Test type: aerobic Inokulum: activated sludge Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C Studies of a comparable product.

Stability in water

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water. Studies of a comparable product.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water. Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water. Studies of a comparable product.

Photodegradation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Test type: Phototransformation in air Temperature: 25 °C sensitizer: OH-radicals Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3 Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation) After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical processes. Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Phototransformation in air sensitizer: OH-radicals Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 1.16E-11 cm3/s Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation) After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical processes.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Phototransformation in air sensitizer: OH-radicals Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 1.16E-11 cm3/s Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical processes.

Volatility (Henry's Law constant)

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Calculated value = 0.0229 Pa*m3/mol The substance has to be scored as being slightly volatile from water.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Calculated value = 0.0229 Pa*m3/mol The substance has to be scored as being slightly volatile from water.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 14 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 42 d Concentration: 0.2 mg/l Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 C An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water. Studies of hydrolysis products.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.00008 mg/l Test substance: 14C-labelled Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.00008 mg/l Test substance: 14C-labelled Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil Distribution among environmental compartments

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Adsorption/Soil not applicable

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Adsorption/Soil not applicable

Environmental distribution

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues no data available

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

no data available

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Isocyanate reacts with water at the interface forming CO2 and a solid insoluble product with high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (e.g. detergents) or by watersoluble solvents. Previous experience shows that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes.

For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

After final product withdrawal, all residues must be removed from containers (drip-free, powder-free or paste-free). Once the product residues adhering to the walls of the containers have been rendered harmless, the product and hazard labels must be invalidated. These containers can be returned for recycling to the appropriate centres set up within the framework of the existing take-back scheme of the chemical industry. Containers must be recycled in compliance with national legislation and environmental regulations.

None disposal into waste water.

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

ADR/RID

14.1 UN number	:	Not dangerous goods
14.2 UN proper shipping name	:	Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	:	Not dangerous goods
14.4 Packing group	:	Not dangerous goods
14.5 Environmental hazards	:	Not dangerous goods

ADN

14.1 UN number	:	Not dangerous goods
14.2 UN proper shipping name	:	Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	:	Not dangerous goods
14.4 Packing group	:	Not dangerous goods
14.5 Environmental hazards	:	Not dangerous goods

This classification data does not apply to transportation by tanker. If required, additional information can be requested from the manufacturer.

IATA 14.1 UN number 14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group 14.5 Environmental hazards	 Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods
INDO	

IMDG

14.2 UN proper shipping name	:	Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)14.4 Packing group14.5 Environmental hazards	:	Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods

14.6 Special precautions for user

See section 6 - 8. Additional information : Not dangerous cargo. Keep dry. Avoid temperatures below +10 °C. Avoid heat above +50 °C. Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

· Not dongoroup goodo

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Directive 96/82 EC (Seveso II Directive)

Revision:2003Listed in regulation:Directive 96/82/EC does not apply

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Water contaminating class (Germany)

1 slightly water endangering (in accordance with Annex 4 to the Directive on Water-Hazardous Substances)

Any existing national regulations on the handling of isocyanates must be observed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for: Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of hazardous (H) warnings referred to under sections 2, 3 and 10 of the CLP classification (1272/2008/CE).

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2, 3 and 10 of the EU classification (67/548/EEC,1999/45/EC).

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

- R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
- R42/43 May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.
- R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

ISOPA Guidelines for safe loading/unloading, transport and storage of TDI and MDI. ISOPA Order No.: PSC-0005-GUIDL

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

Further information

sealants (ES5)

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Annex - Exposure Scenario The operational conditions and the implementation of Risk Management Measures (RMM) are dependent on the following priority-/lead substances for the respective exposure routes: Priority substance(s), Respiratory sensitiser: diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Lead substance(s), Oral: diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Lead substance(s), Inhalative: diphenylmethane-4.4'-diisocyanate Lead substance(s), Dermal: diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Lead substance(s), Eyes: diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Lead substance(s), aquatic environment: Not relevant Summary of Exposure Scenarios - Use for Manufacturing of other Substances and SU 3. SU8, SU9, SU 10: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, Formulation (including Resin Manufacture), PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15; ERC2, ERC3, ERC6a, ERC6c **Repackaging and Distribution (ES1)** - Industrial use for Flexible Foam and TPU. Polvamide. SU 3: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, Polyimide and Synthetic Fibres and Manufacturing of PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, other Polymers (ES2) PROC15; ERC2, ERC3, ERC6c SU 3: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, - Industrial use for rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and sealants PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15; ERC2, ERC3, (ES3) ERC5, ERC6c SU 22; SU 22; PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, - Professional end use in rigid foam, coatings, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15; adhesives and sealants and other composite material (ES4) ERC8c, ERC8f - Consumer end use in rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and SU 21; SU 21; PC1, PC9a, PC32; ERC8c,

FRC8f

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: - Use for Manufacturing of other Substances and Formulation (including Resin Manufacture), Repackaging and Distribution (ES1)

Main User Groups	:	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sector of use	:	 SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)
Process category	:	 PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	:	ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC3: Formulation in materials ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6c: Industrial use of monomers for manufacture of thermoplastics
Further information	:	Only the uses defined in the short title and the use descriptors listed above are regarded as safe/covered within this Exposure Scenario. In case of mixtures the other chapters may also contain additional information about further uses that are not safe/covered within this scenario.

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 [MDI]

- Use for Manufacturing of other Substances and Formulation (including Resin Manufacture), Repackaging and Distribution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

Remarks : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Physical Form (at time of use) : Liquid substance (unless stated differently) Substance is a unique structure, OR, Substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)

Frequency and duration of use

Exposure duration : 8 hours/day Frequency of use : daily

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings. Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact)

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. OR: Demonstrate, e.g. by workplace monitoring, that exposures are below the relevant worker DNEL values for acute and long-term.

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at nondedicated facilities: solid

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers

Contributing	Exposure Spec	ific conditions Value type Level	of Risk		
Scenario As	ssessment Method	Exposure characterisatio	n ratio (Exposure value/	DNEL)	
2.1 PROC 1	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 2	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 3	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.018 mg/m³	0.184
2.1 PROC 4	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.016 mg/m³	0.164
2.1 PROC 5	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m ³	0.582

Version 2.1

Revision Date	16.03.2021				Print Date16.03.2021
2.1 PROC 8a	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 8b	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 9	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.009 mg/m³	0.094
2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term, inhalation	0.011 mg/m³	0.112
2.1 All PROCs	Qualitative asse	essment short term, dermal	*		
2.1 PROC 1	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.013 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 2	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.013 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 3	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.009 mg/m³	0.184
2.1 PROC 4	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.008 mg/m³	0.164
2.1 PROC 5	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 8a	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 8b	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 9	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.005 mg/m³	0.094
2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.112
2.1 All PROC	Qualitative asse	ssment long term, dermal *			

*Due to the applied RMMs it is considered that the risks of dermal exposure are sufficiently controlled. Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans and the environment is sufficiently controlled (RCR \leq 1).

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

MDI

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

adopted.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org - "ISOPA interpretation on selection of Use Descriptors"

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: - Industrial use for Flexible Foam and TPU, Polyamide, Polyimide and Synthetic Fibres and Manufacturing of other Polymers (ES2)

Main User Groups	:	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process category	:	 PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	:	ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC3: Formulation in materials ERC6c: Industrial use of monomers for manufacture of thermoplastics

Further information : Only the uses defined in the short title and the use descriptors listed above are regarded as safe/covered within this Exposure Scenario. In case of mixtures the other chapters may also contain additional information about further uses that are not safe/covered within this scenario.

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15, PROC21 [MDI]

- Industrial use for Flexible Foam and TPU, Polyamide, Polyimide and Synthetic Fibres and Manufacturing of other Polymers

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

Remarks : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Print Date16.03.2021

Safety Data Sheet According to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Physical Form (at time of use) : Liquid substance (unless stated differently) Substance is a unique structure, OR, Substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)

Frequency and duration of use

Exposure duration	:	8 hours/day
Frequency of use	:	daily

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings. Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact)

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

PROC7: Industrial spraying

Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment. Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. OR: Demonstrate, e.g. by workplace monitoring, that exposures are below the relevant worker DNEL values for acute and long-term.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC7: Industrial spraying

If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at nondedicated facilities: solid

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure A Method	ssessment	Specific conditions	Value type	Level of Exposure	Risk charac value/DNEI	cterisation ratio (Exposure _)
2.1 PROC 1	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	ed in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 2	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	ed in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 3	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	ed in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.018 mg/m³	0.184

Version 2.1
Revision Date 16.03.2021 Print Date16.03.2021
2.1 PROC 4 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.016 mg/m ³ 0.116
2.1 PROC 5 Flexible foam Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.058 mg/m ³ 0.582
2.1 PROC 5 Elastomers etc. Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.025 mg/m ³ 0.246
2.1 PROC 7 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.022 mg/m ³ 0.224
2.1 PROC 8a Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.058 mg/m ³ 0.582
2.1 PROC 8b Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.058 mg/m ³ 0.582
2.1 PROC 9 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.01 mg/m ³ 0.094
2.1 PROC 14 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.012 mg/m ³ 0.116
2.1 PROC 15 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.011 mg/m ³ 0.112
2.1 PROC 21 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data short term, inhalation 0.013 mg/m ³ 0.128
2.1 All PROCs Qualitative assessment short term, dermal *
2.1 PROC 1 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.013 mg/m ³ 0.260
2.1 PROC 2 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.013 mg/m ³ 0.260
2.1 PROC 3 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.009 mg/m ³ 0.184
2.1 PROC 4 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.008 mg/m ³ 0.116
2.1 PROC 5 Flexible foam Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.029 mg/m ³ 0.582
2.1 PROC 5 Elastomers etc. Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.012 mg/m ³ 0.246
2.1 PROC 7 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.011 mg/m ³ 0.224
2.1 PROC 8a Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long term, inhalation 0.029 mg/m ³ 0.582

Version 2.1

Revision Date 1	16.03.2021				Print Date16.03.2021
2.1 PROC 8b	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 9	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.005 mg/m³	0.094
2.1 PROC 14	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.116
2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.112
2.1 PROC 21	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.128
2.1 All PROCs	Qualitative asse	essment long term, dermal *			

*Due to the applied RMMs it is considered that the risks of dermal exposure are sufficiently controlled.

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans and the environment is sufficiently controlled (RCR \leq 1).

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

MDI

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org - "ISOPA interpretation on selection of Use Descriptors"

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: - Industrial use for rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and sealants (ES3)

Main User Groups : SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Process category	 PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	 ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC3: Formulation in materials ERC5: Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC6c: Industrial use of monomers for manufacture of thermoplastics

Further information : Only the uses defined in the short title and the use descriptors listed above are regarded as safe/covered within this Exposure Scenario. In case of mixtures the other chapters may also contain additional information about further uses that are not safe/covered within this scenario.

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15, PROC21 [MDI]

- Industrial use for rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and sealants

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

Remarks : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at	: Liquid substance (unless stated differently)
time of use)	Substance is a unique structure, OR, Substance of unknown or variable composition,
	complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)

Frequency and duration of use

Exposure duration : 8 hours/day Frequency of use : daily 44

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings. Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact)

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

PROC7: Industrial spraying

Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment. Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. OR: Demonstrate, e.g. by workplace monitoring, that exposures are below the relevant worker DNEL values for acute and long-term.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC7: Industrial spraying

If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at nondedicated facilities: solid

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure A Method	ssessment	Specific conditions	Value type	Level of Exposure	Risk charac value/DNEI	cterisation ratio (Exposure _)
2.1 PROC 1	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	d in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 2	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	d in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.026 mg/m³	0.260
2.1 PROC 3	Measured value	LEV: Reflecte	d in measured data	a short ter	m, inhalation	0.018 mg/m³	0.184

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2	021				Print Date16.	03.2021
2.1 PROC 4 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data short	term, inhalation	0.016 mg/m³	0.164	
2.1 PROC 5 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data short	term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582	
2.1 PROC 7 Hotmelt	Measured value LEV: Re	eflected in measured data	short term, inh	alation 0.022	mg/m³ 0.224	
2.1 PROC 7 Indoor Exc hotmelt	cluding Measured value	LEV: Reflected in data	measured si ir	hort term, halation	0.020 mg/m³	0.204
2.1 PROC 8a Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582	
2.1 PROC 8b Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582	
2.1 PROC 9 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data short	term, inhalation	0.009 mg/m³	0.094	
2.1 PROC 10 Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.034 mg/m³	0.344	
2.1 PROC 13 Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.034 mg/m³	0.344	
2.1 PROC 14 Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.012 mg/m ³	0.116	
2.1 PROC 15 Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.011 mg/m³	0.112	
2.1 PROC 21 Measu	red value LEV: Reflected	in measured data sho	rt term, inhalation	0.013 mg/m³	0.128	
2.1 All PROCs Qualit	tative assessment sho	rt term, dermal *				
2.1 PROC 1 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data long	term, inhalation	0.013 mg/m³	0.260	
2.1 PROC 2 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data long	term, inhalation	0.013 mg/m³	0.260	
2.1 PROC 3 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data long	term, inhalation	0.009 mg/m³	0.184	
2.1 PROC 4 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured data long	term, inhalation	0.008 mg/m³	0.164	
2.1 PROC 5 Measure	ed value LEV: Reflected i	n measured long term,	0.029 mg/m³	0.582		
data inhalation	I					

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

2.1 PROC 7 Ir hotmelt	door Excluding	Measured value	LEV: Reflec data	ted in measured	long term, inhalation	0.010 mg/m³	0.204
2.1 PROC 8a	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582	
2.1 PROC 8b	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.029 mg/m³	0.582	
2.1 PROC 9	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	neasured data	long term, inhalation	0.005 mg/m³	0.094	
2.1 PROC 10	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.017 mg/m³	0.344	
2.1 PROC 13	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.017 mg/m³	0.344	
2.1 PROC 14	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.116	
2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.112	
2.1 PROC 21	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in	measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.112	
2.1 All PROCs	Qualitative asse	essment long te	rm, dermal *				

*Due to the applied RMMs it is considered that the risks of dermal exposure are sufficiently controlled.

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans and the environment is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

MDI

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org - "ISOPA interpretation on selection of Use Descriptors"

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: - Professional end use in rigid foam, coatings, adhesives and sealants and other composite material (ES4)

Main User Groups : **SU 22:** Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

Sector of use	: SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Process category	 PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	: ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
Further information	: Only the uses defined in the short title and the use descriptors listed above are regarded as safe/covered within this Exposure Scenario. In case of mixtures the other chapters may also contain additional information about further uses that are not safe/covered within this scenario.

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15, PROC21 [MDI]

- Professional end use in rigid foam, coatings, adhesives and sealants and other composite material

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

Remarks : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at	: Liquid substance (unless stated differently)
time of use)	Substance is a unique structure, OR, Substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

General exposures : 8 hours/day

PROC 11 : < 4 hours/day Remarks : Indoor

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor/Outdoor use

Technical conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings. Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises: Close to the former line, Composite Material Based on Wood/Man-made/Mineral/Natural Fibres

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact): Adhesives and sealings and other composite material

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

PROC21: Low energy manipulation of substances bound in materials and/ or articles

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures BELOW 40 °C for pure MDI or BELOW 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperatures ABOVE 40 °C for pure MDI or ABOVE 45 °C for other MDI based substances:

Avoid all skin contact with product, clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination likely, wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection and gloves. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. OR: Demonstrate, e.g. by workplace monitoring, that exposures are below the relevant worker DNEL values for acute and long-term.

Additional measures are specific for the following contributing scenarios:

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises: Close to the former line, Composite Material Based on Wood/Man-made/Mineral/Natural Fibres

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at nondedicated facilities: solid

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure A Method	ssessment	Specific conditions	Value type	Level of Exposure	Risk chara value/DNE	cterisation ra L)	atio (Exposure
2.1 PROC 2	Measured value	LEV: Reflec	ted in measured c	lata short i	term. inhalation	0.026 ma/m³	0.260	

Version 2.1

Revision Date	16.03.2021					Print I	Date16.03.	2021
2.1 PROC 3	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in me	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.018 mg/m³	0.184		
2.1 PROC 3 C Wood/Man-ma	omposite Material I Ide/Mineral/Natural	Based on Fibres	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term inhalation	,	0.004 mg/m³	0.038
2.1 PROC 4	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in me	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.012 mg/m³	0.116		
2.1 PROC 4 C Wood/Man-ma	omposite Material I Ide/Mineral/Natural	Based on Fibres	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term inhalation	,	0.023 mg/m³	0.227
2.1 PROC 5	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in me	asured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582		
2.1 PROC 5	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in me	asured sho	rt term, 0.025 mg/m³	0.246			
Closed system	n data inhal	ation						
2.1 PROC 8a	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582	2	
2.1 PROC 8b	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.058 mg/m³	0.582	2	
2.1 PROC 8b (Wood/Man-ma	Composite Material Ide/Mineral/Natural	Based on Fibres	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	short term inhalation	,	0.003 mg/m³	0.034
2.1 PROC 10	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	neasured data	short term, inhalation	0.034 mg/m³	0.328	3	
2.1 PROC 11 I	ndoor Measured	l value LEV: Reflect	ed in measure	d data short term, inh	alation 0.08 m	ıg/m³	0.80	
2.1 PROC 11 (Outdoor Measure	ed value short te	rm, inhalation	0.087 mg/m³ 0.87				
2.1 PROC 13	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.034 mg/m³	0.344	Ļ	
2.1 PROC 14	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.012 mg/m ³	0.116	6	
2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.011 mg/m³	0.112	2	
2.1 PROC 21	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in m	easured data	short term, inhalation	0.001 mg/m³	0.008	3	

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021		Print Date16.03.2021
2.1 All PROCs Qualitative assessment short term, dermal *		
2.1 PROC 2 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	term, inhalation 0.013 mg/m ³ 0	.260
2.1 PROC 3 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	term, inhalation 0.009 mg/m ³ 0	.184
2.1 PROC 3 Composite Material Based on Wood/Man-Measured L made/Mineral/Natural Fibres value n	EV: Reflected in long term, neasured data inhalation	0.002 0.038 mg/m³
2.1 PROC 4 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	term, inhalation 0.006 mg/m³ 0	.116
2.1 PROC 4 Composite Material Based on Wood/Man-Measured L made/Mineral/Natural Fibres value n	EV: Reflected in long term, neasured data inhalation	0.011 0.227 mg/m³
2.1 PROC 5 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	term, inhalation 0.029 mg/m ³ 0	.582
2.1 PROC 5 Closed system Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured value	red data long term, inhalation 0	.012 mg/m³ 0.246
2.1 PROC 8a Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	g term, inhalation 0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 8b Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	g term, inhalation 0.029 mg/m³	0.582
2.1 PROC 8b Composite Material Based on Measured L Wood/Man-made/Mineral/Natural Fibres value r	EV: Reflected in long term, neasured data inhalation	0.002 0.034 mg/m³
2.1 PROC 10 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	g term, inhalation 0.017 mg/m³	0.328
2.1 PROC 11 Indoor Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data	a long term, inhalation 0.04 mg	/m³ 0.80
2.1 PROC 11 Outdoor Measured value long term, inhalation 0.04	3 mg/m³ 0.87	
2.1 PROC 13 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	g term, inhalation 0.017 mg/m³	0.344
2.1 PROC 14 Measured value LEV: Reflected in measured data long	g term, inhalation 0.006 mg/m³	0.116

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

2.1 PROC 15	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.006 mg/m³	0.112
2.1 PROC 21	Measured value	LEV: Reflected in measured data	long term, inhalation	0.0004 mg/m³	0.008
2 1 All PROCs	Qualitative asse	ssment long term dermal *			

*Due to the applied RMMs it is considered that the risks of dermal exposure are sufficiently controlled.

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans and the environment is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

MDI

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org - "ISOPA interpretation on selection of Use Descriptors"

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: - Consumer end use in rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and sealants (ES5)

Main User Groups	: SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)
Sector of use	: SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)
Product category	 PC1: Adhesives, sealants PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers PC32: Polymer preparations and compounds
Environmental release category	ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
Further information	: Only the uses defined in the short title and the use descriptors listed above are regarded as safe/covered within this Exposure Scenario. In case of mixtures the other chapters may also contain additional information about further uses that are not safe/covered within this scenario.

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

[MDI]

- Consumer end use in rigid foam, coatings and adhesives and sealants

Product characteristics

Physical Form (at time of use) : Liquid substance (unless stated differently)

Physical Form (at	:	Substance is a unique structure, OR, Substance of unknown or variable composition,
time of use)		complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)

Amount used

PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant joint	:	75 g/activity		
Remarks PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant assembly			:	Substance concentration 2% 390 g/activity
Remarks PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Adhesive hotmelt			:	Substance concentration 2% 65 g/activity
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component pain	:	150 g/activity		
Remarks PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, solvent rich				Substance concentration 30% 195 g/activity
Remarks PC9a: Coatings, paints: Mixing and loading of 2-component solvent rich paint				Substance concentration 30% 150 g/activity
Remarks PC9a: Coatings, paints: Mixing and			:	Substance concentration 100% 195 g/activity
loading of 2-component high solid paint Remarks PC9a: Coatings, paints: Floor coating high solid	:	Substance concentration 3000 g/activity	100)%
Remarks PC32: Rigids, insulation foams	:	Substance concentration 825 g/activity	109	%

Frequency and duration of use

PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant joint : 45 min
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant assembly : 4 h
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Adhesive hotmelt : 25 min
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, high solids : 0.5 h
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, solvent rich : 2 h

PC9a: Coatings, paints: Mixing and loading of 2-component solvent rich paint : 5 min

Version 2.1 Revision Date 16.03.2021 Print Date16.03.2021 PC9a: Coatings, paints: Mixing and loading of 2-component high solid paint : 5 min PC9a: Coatings, paints: Floor coating high solid : 1 h PC32: Rigids, insulation foams : 0.5 h

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Exposed skin area PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant joint	:	2 cm ²
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant assembly	:	43 cm ²
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Adhesive hotmelt	:	43 cm ²
Substance concentration PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant joint	:	30 %

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor/Outdoor use

Room size PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant joint	:	10 m³
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant assembly	:	20 m³
PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Adhesive hotmelt	:	20 m³
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, high solids	:	20 m³
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, solvent rich	:	20 m³
PC9a: Coatings, paints: Floor coating high solid	:	34 m³
PC32: Rigids, insulation foams	:	57.5 m³

Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)

Application Route Consumer Measures	:	General advice Avoid using without gloves.
Application Route Consumer Measures	:	PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, solvent rich Recommend: Not using in small, enclosed areas/rooms without ventilation. Ensure good ventilation when using indoors e.g. open windows.
Application Route	:	PC9a: Coatings, paints: Use of 2-component paint, high solids
Consumer Measures	:	Recommend: Not using in small, enclosed areas/rooms without ventilation. Ensure good ventilation when using indoors e.g. open windows.
Application Route Consumer Measures	:	PC9a: Coatings, paints: Floor coating high solid Recommend: Not using in small, enclosed areas/rooms without ventilation. Ensure good ventilation when using indoors e.g. open windows.

Dencrete Multi Part B

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Application Route	:	PC1: Adhesives and sealants: Sealant assembly
Consumer	:	Recommend: Not using in small, enclosed areas/rooms without ventilation. Ensure good
Measures		ventilation when using indoors e.g. open windows.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Consumers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value type	Level of Exposure	Risk characterisation ratio value/DNEL)	(Exposure
2.1 PC1 Sealant j	oint Consexpo long	term, inhalation	0.0000231 n	ng/m³/day < 0.01		
2.1 PC1 Sealant a	assembly Consexpo	long term, inhala	tion 0.01 m	g/m³/day 0.30		
2.1 PC1 Hotmelt	Consexpo long term	, inhalation 0.00	00000694 mg	/m³/day < 0.01		
2.1 PC9a Use of 2	2-component paint, high soli	ds Consexpo	long term	i, inhalation 0.003	372 mg/m³/day 0.15	
2.1 PC9a Use of 2	2-component paint, solvent i	ich Consexpo	long terr	n, inhalation 0.00	00822 mg/m³/day 0.03	
2.1 PC9a Mixing a paint	and loading of 2-component	solvent rich	Consexpo	long term, inhalation	0.000000192 mg/m³/day	< 0.01
2.1 PC9a Mixing a paint	and loading of 2-component	high solid	Consexpo	long term, inhalation	0.000000192 mg/m³/day	< 0.01
2.1 PC9a Floor co	pating high solid Consexp	o long term,	inhalation	0.00193 mg/m³/day	0.06	
2.1 PC32 Cons	expo long term, inhala	tion 0.0000254	mg/m³/day	0.01		
2.1 Qualitative	assessment Dermal ex	kposure				

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans and the environment is sufficiently controlled (RCR \leq 1).

Version 2.1

Revision Date 16.03.2021

Print Date16.03.2021

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

MDI

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org - "ISOPA interpretation on selection of Use Descriptors"